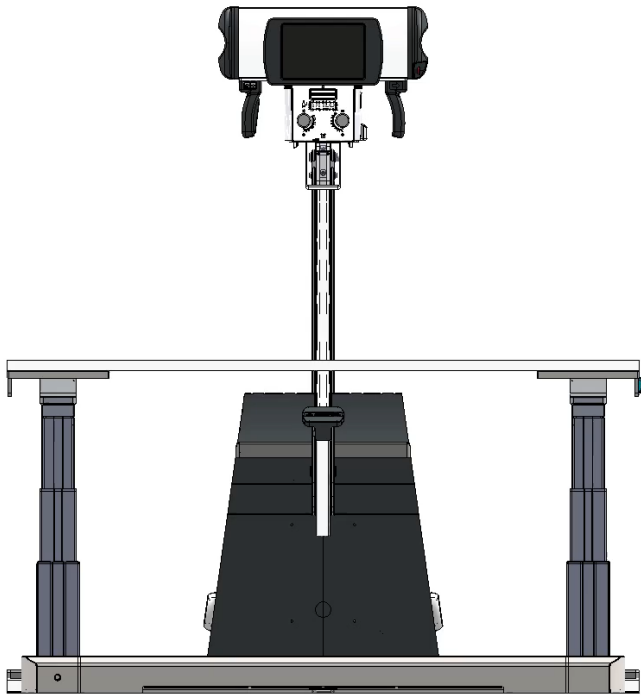


# MultiVET



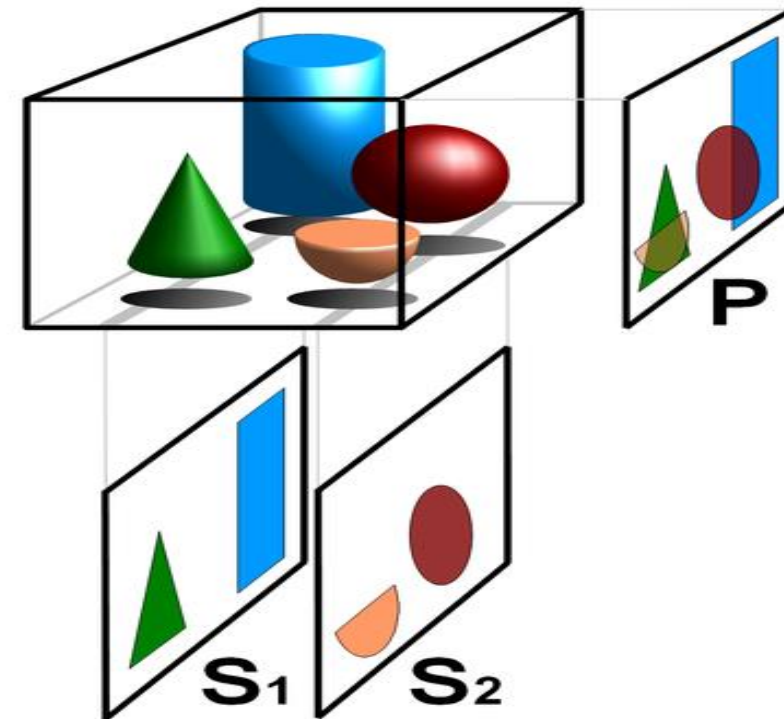
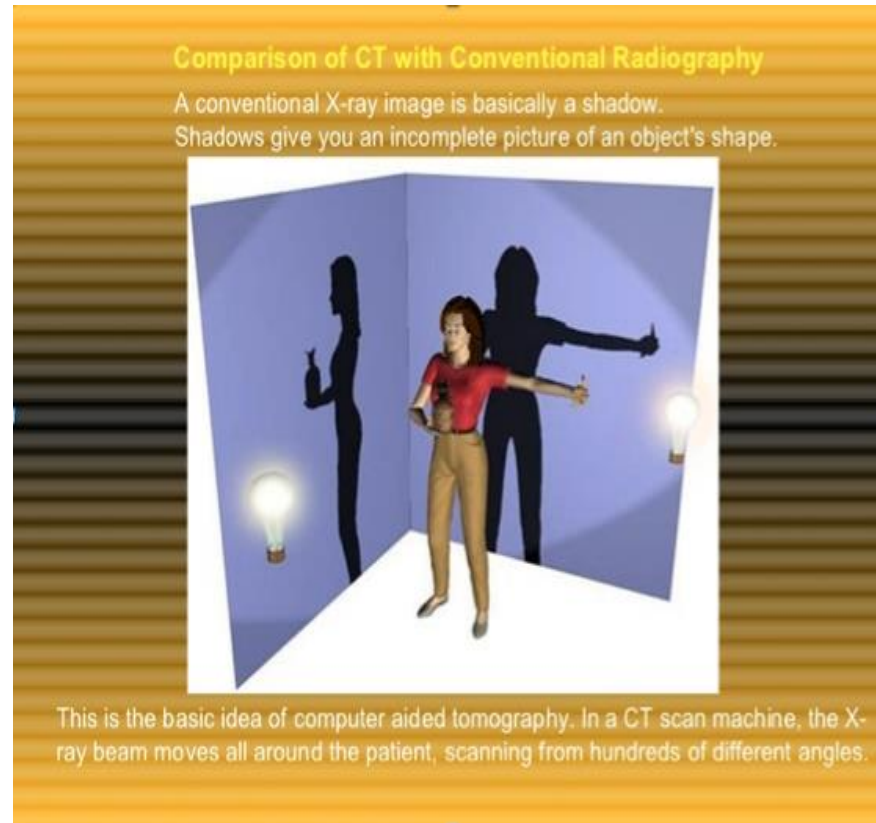
# MultiVET multimodality system.

**MultiVET has three working modes:**



- **2D Rad X ray**
- **3D tomographic X ray**
- **2D Fluoroscopy X ray**

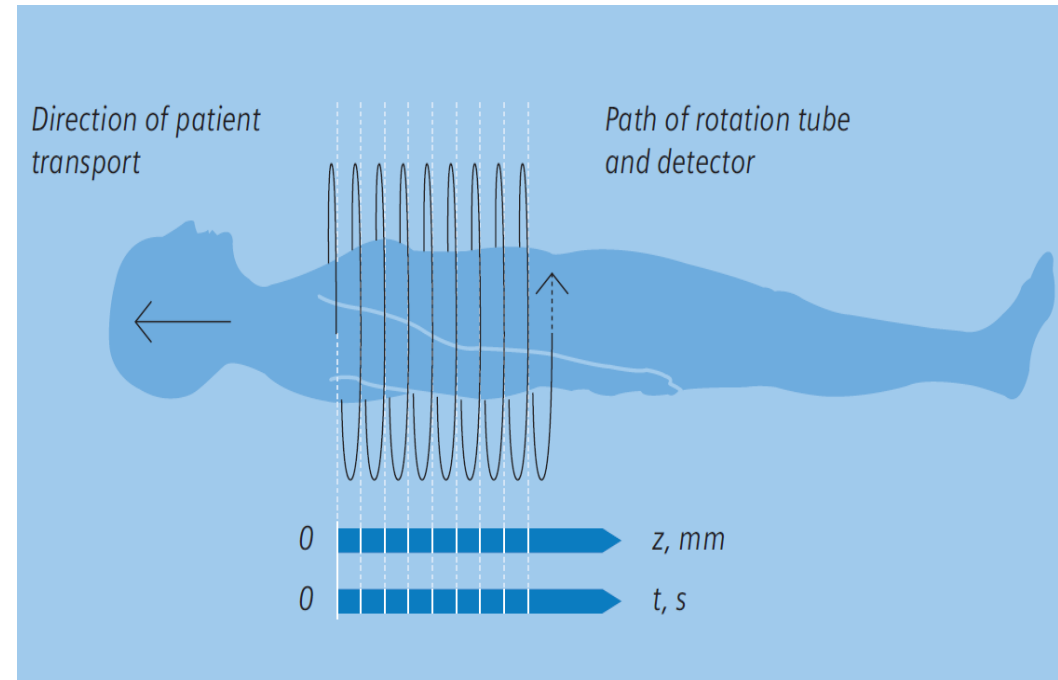
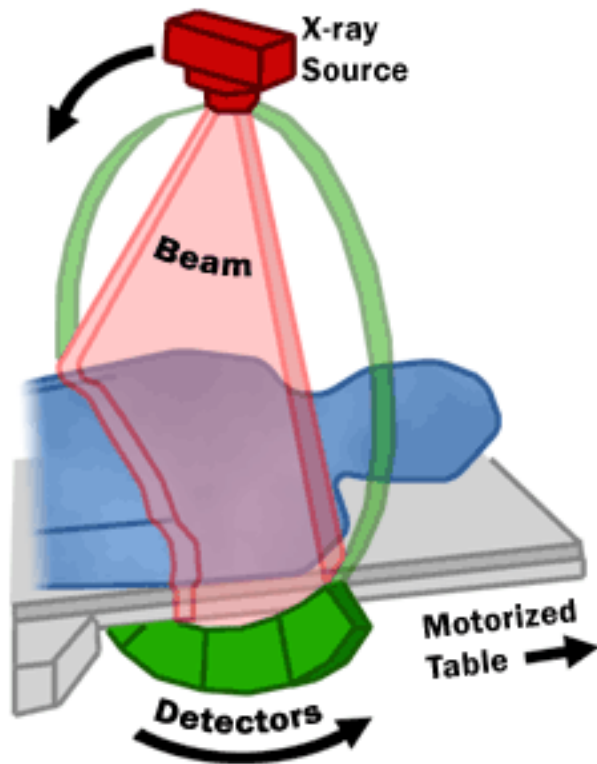
# Radiography vs CT



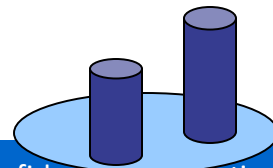
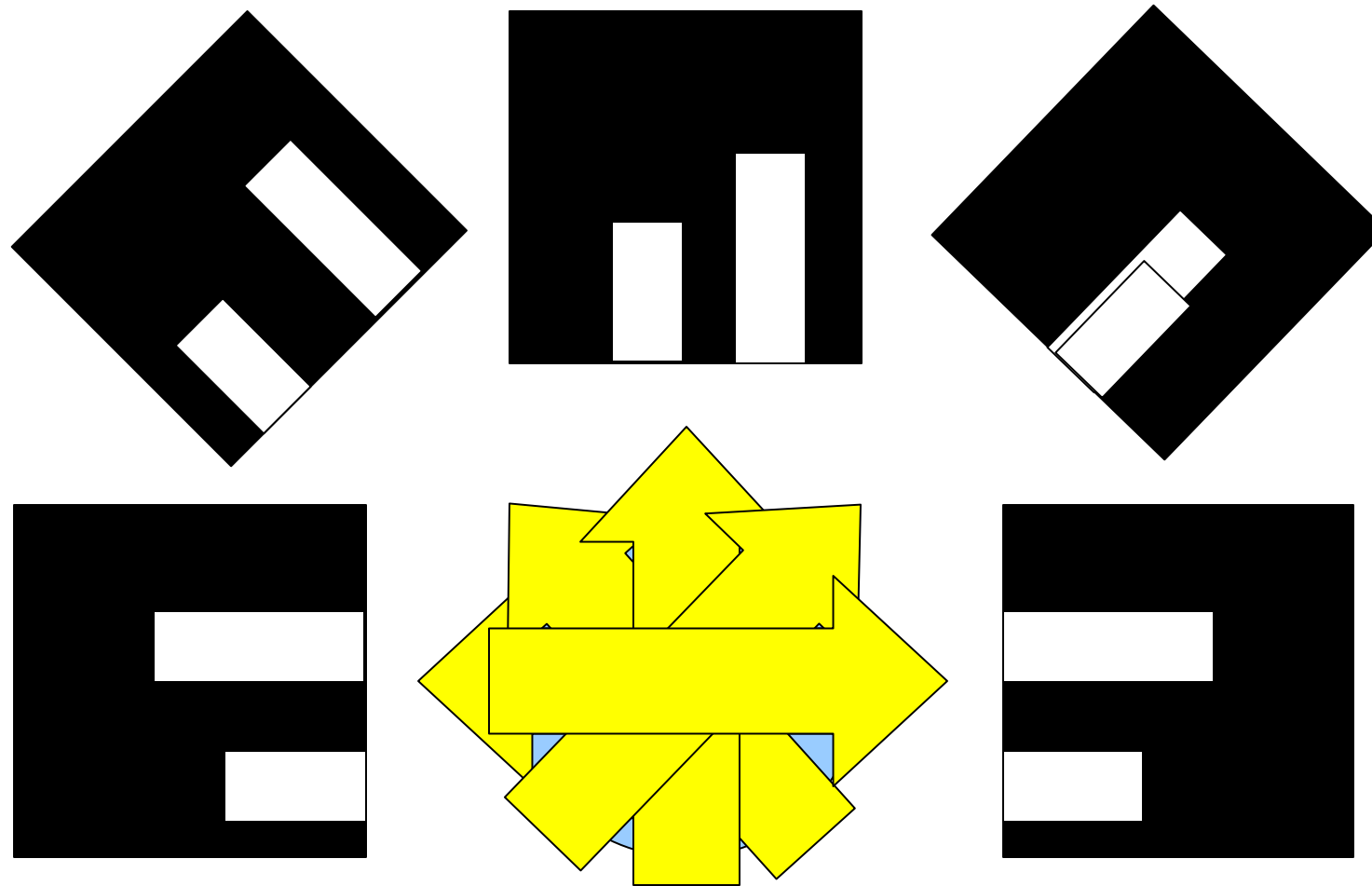
Superposition free tomographic cross sections S1 and S2 compared with the projected image P

# CT – Computed Tomography

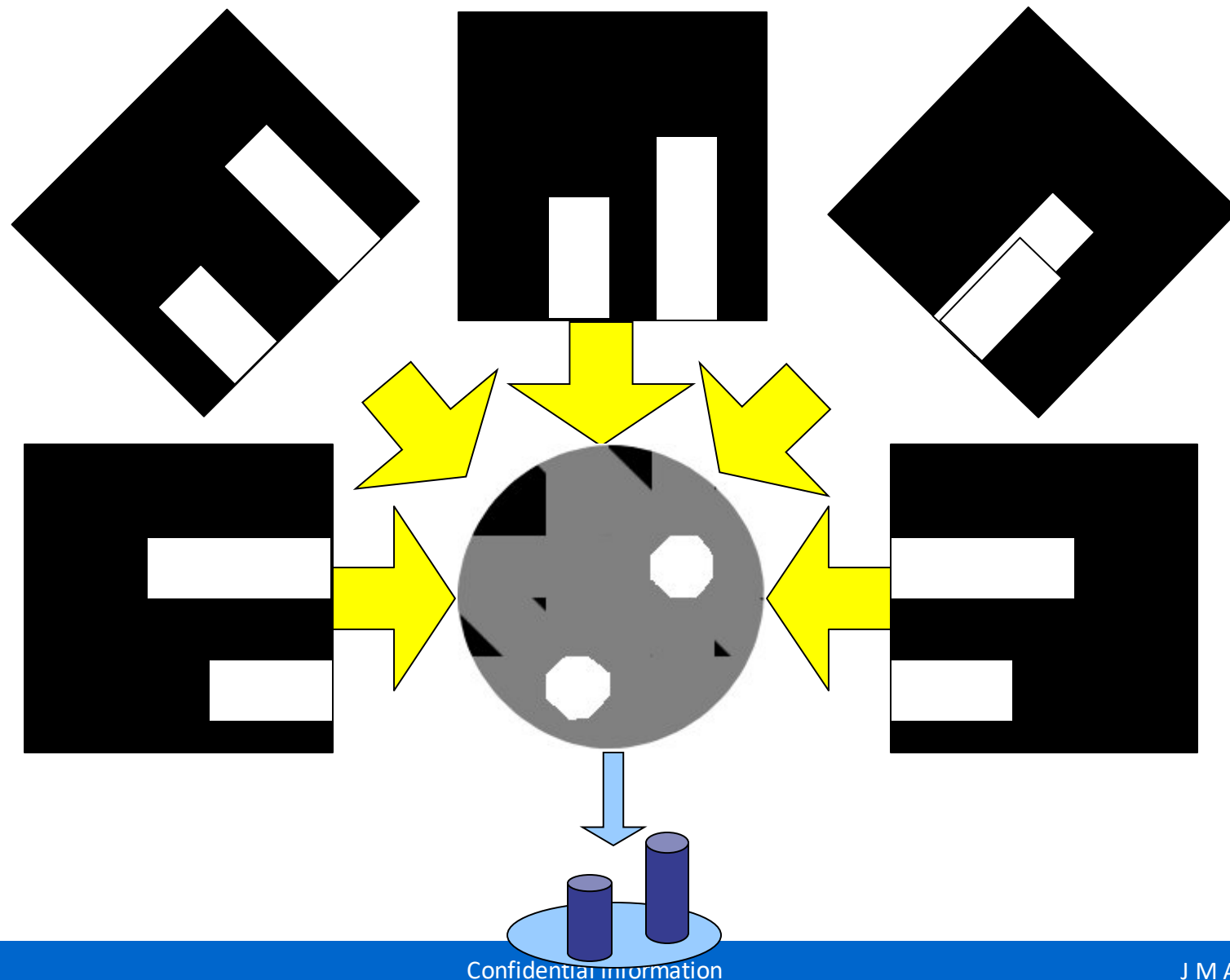
CT scan machines use x-rays combined with radiation detectors coupled with a computer to create cross sectional images of any part of the body



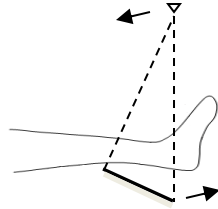
# Acquisition – collecting projection images



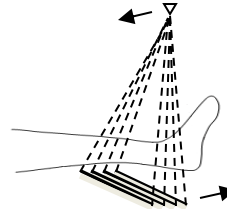
# Reconstruction—projecting the images



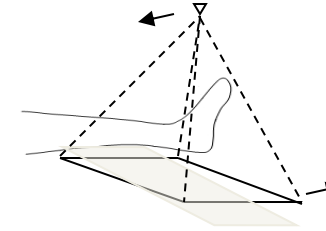
# Conventional CT vs. Cone Beam CT



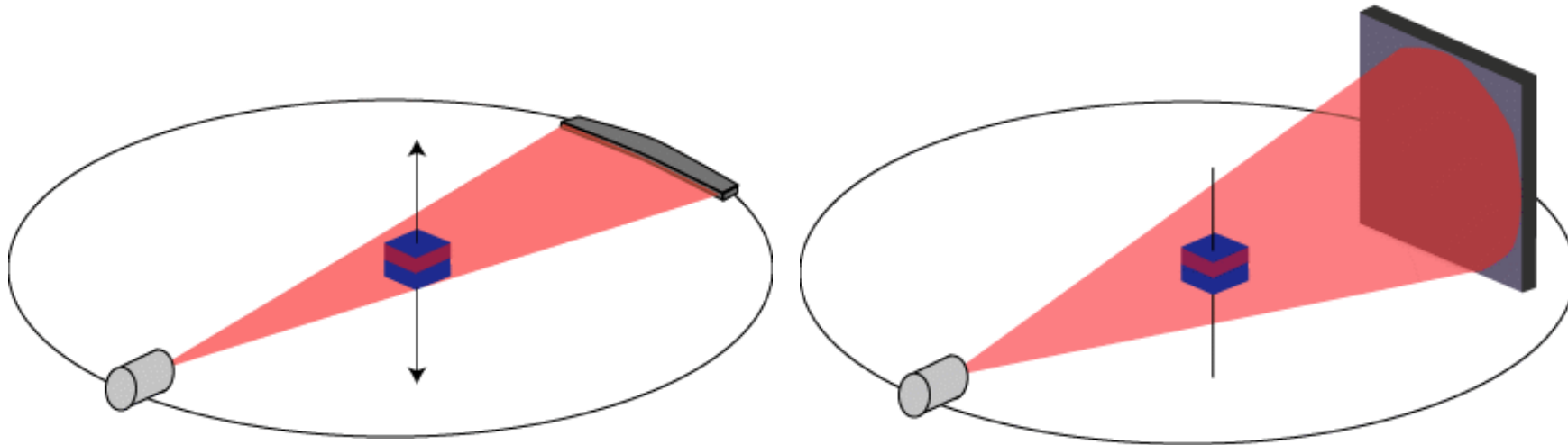
CAT scanner  
one slice acquired per rotation. Patient table moves between rotations (conventional CT).



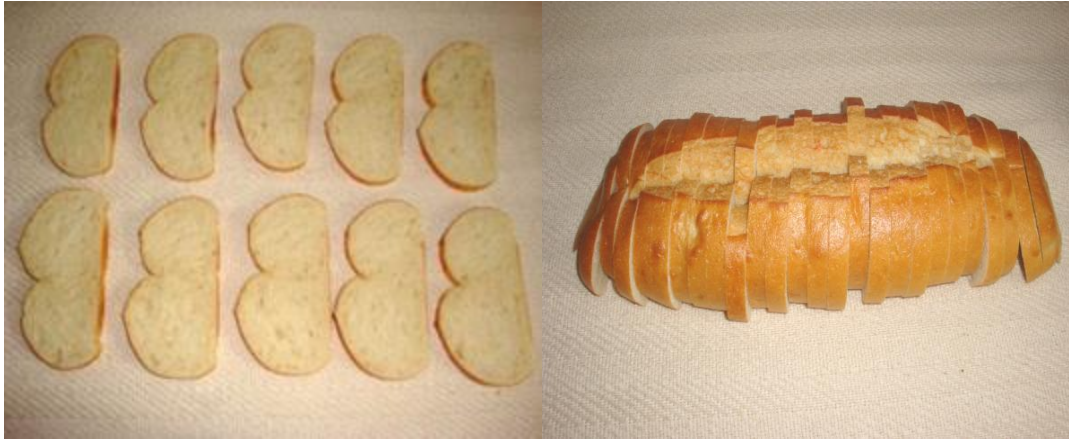
Multislice-CT  
up to 640 slices acquired per rotation. Patient table moves during continuous rotation (helical CT).



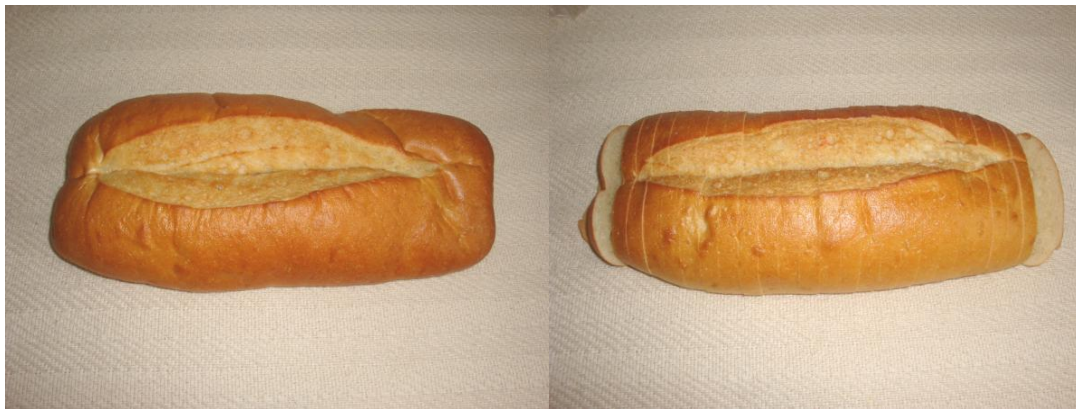
Cone Beam CT  
the whole FOV imaged during a partial rotation. No need for patient movement.



# Conventional CT vs Cone Beam CT



Conventional CT  
Slices are acquired then  
reconstructed to create  
the volume



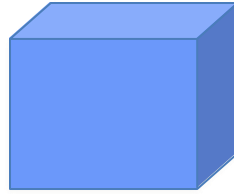
CBCT  
The volume is acquired then  
slices are reconstructed  
from the volume



# Cone Beam CT vs. conventional CT

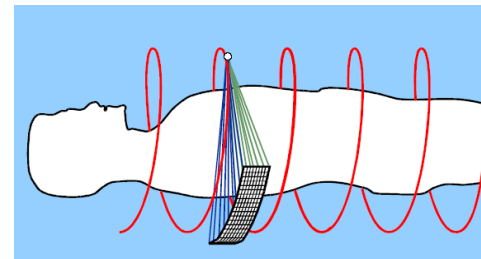
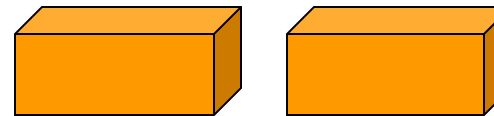
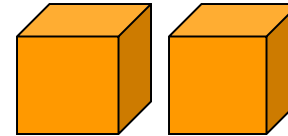
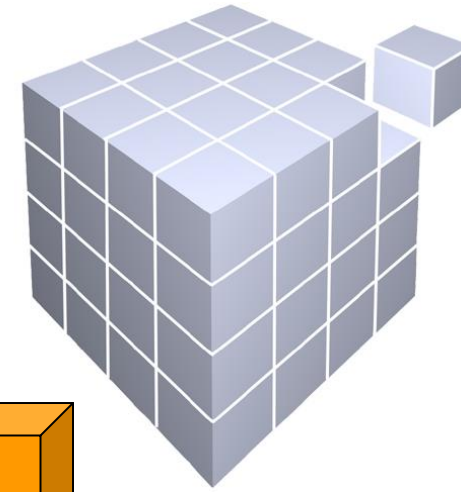


**Pixel**



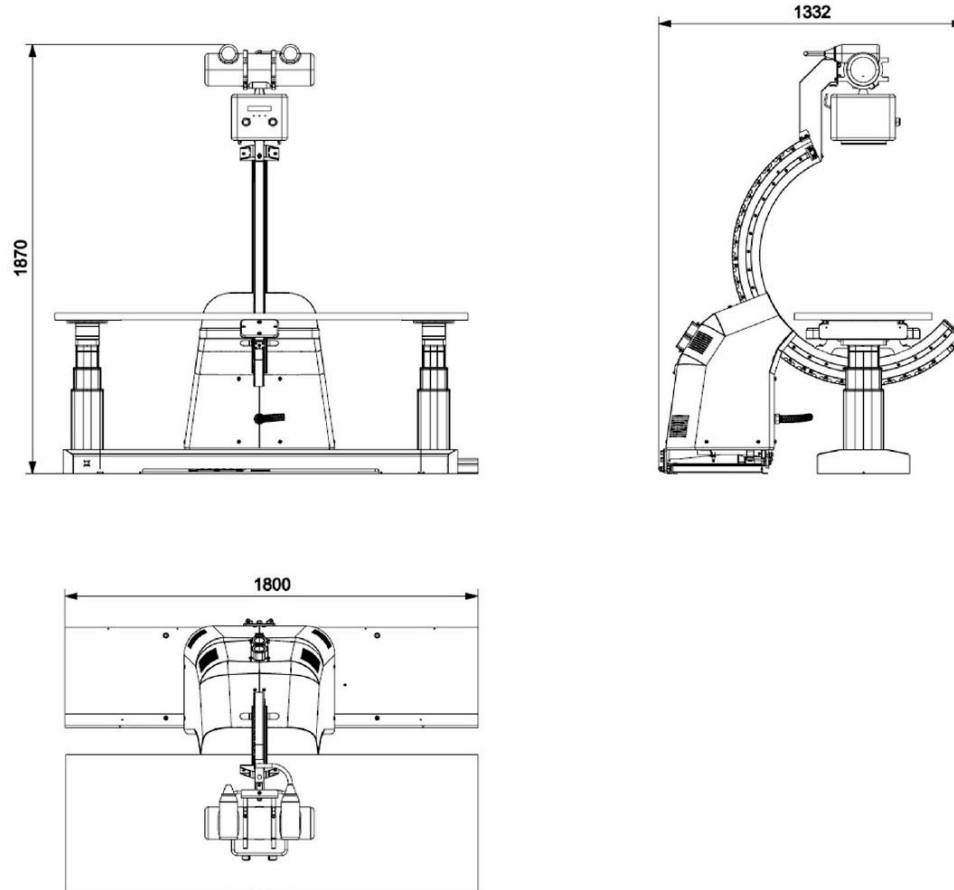
**Voxel**

- CBCT has always an isotropic voxel
- The reconstruction can produce any size of voxel
- The voxel is always perfect cube
- Voxel size is typically 0.3 – 0.8 mm
- CT had an anisotropic voxel
- The voxel is a “brick”
- The pitch (= distance between spiral rounds = layer thickness)
- The layer thickness is typically 0.5 – 1 mm



# MultiVET

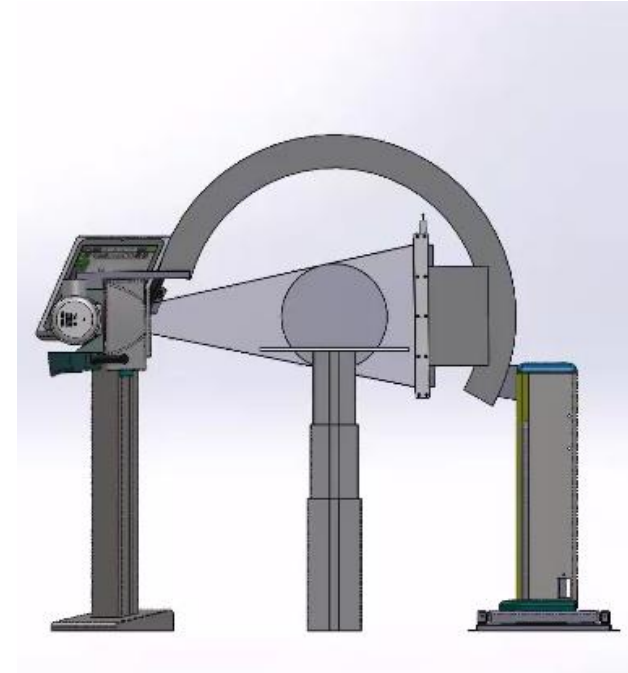
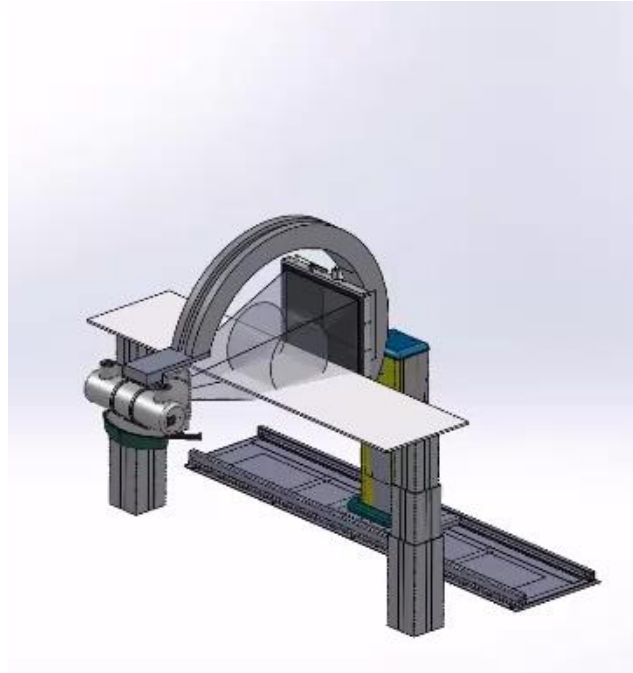
**Similar overall dimensions and specifications than NeoVET.**



1. The table is an elevating four way floating carbon fiber tabletop.
2. The "column" has fix height and it is mounted in a rail
3. The X ray coverage is 120 cm in length by 55 cm wide
4. The X ray generator is 32 kW
5. The detector has 100 microns

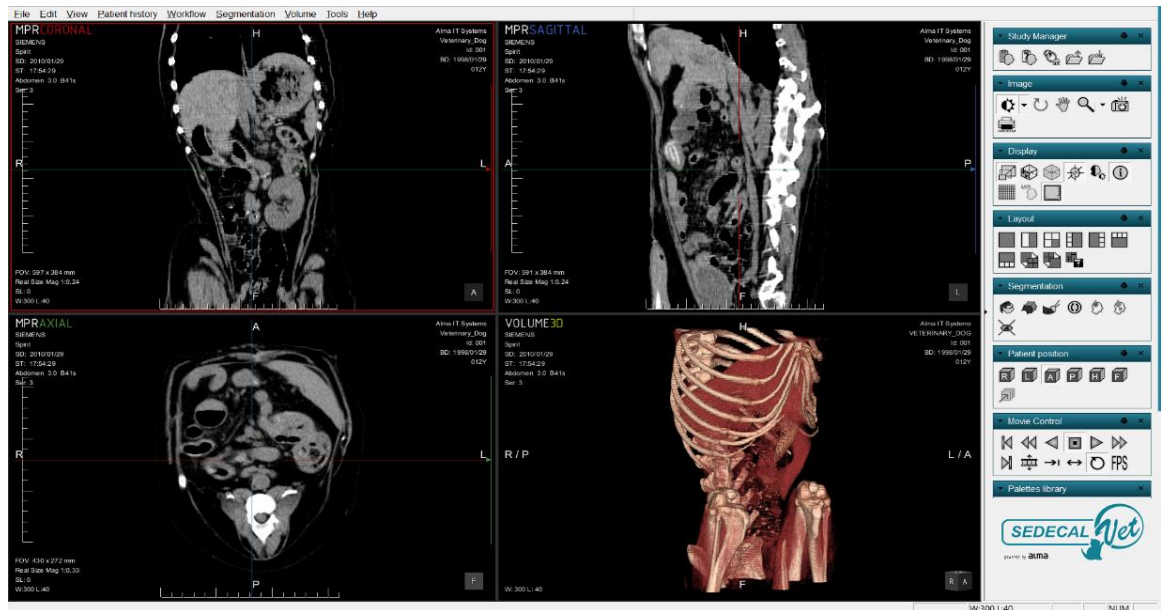
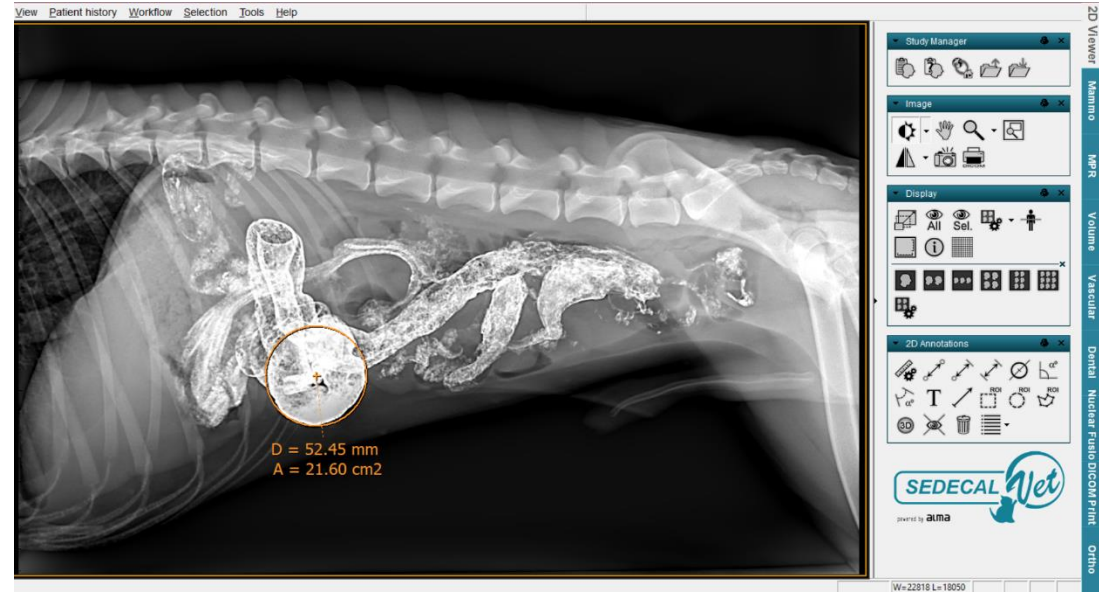
# MultiVET 3D tomographic working mode

**Rotates half-turn with the animal under sedation using a cuasi-dynamic flat panel.( 8 fps)**



Once the rotation is done, the column moves longitudinal to the next rotation position up to 110 cm in length.

# Common user Interface: 2D, 3D, fluoro



# Alternative solutions to MultiVET system

**Low end human CT, or dedicated veterinarian CT CT.**



Vimago

# GEHC Brivo CT325 or similar



New or refurbished

## Pros

- Low price
- Big FOV 43 cm in diameter by 120 cm in length
- Fast scanning

## Cons

- Only human protocols
- Need investment in site preparation
- It needs a big room.
- Only one modality



# Fidex -GT



## Pros

- Multimodalit
- Single phas



field of view (up to 23 cm diameter in volume CT mode)

V/50 Hz/60 Hz input. Average power consumption is less than 250 W

cm in diameter by 54

generator  
: has anew model

# Vimago



## Pros

- Multimodality system
- Single phase electrical line
- Moveable

## Cons

- Difficult access to the patient in 2D X Ray or fluoroscopy procedures
- Poor aesthetics



# MultiVET advantages vs competitors.

## System

- **Keep the existing Rad workflow, full access to the animal**
- **Elevating table with automatic loading process to adapt to any gurney for easy positioning**
- Lateral exposures.
- Compact system

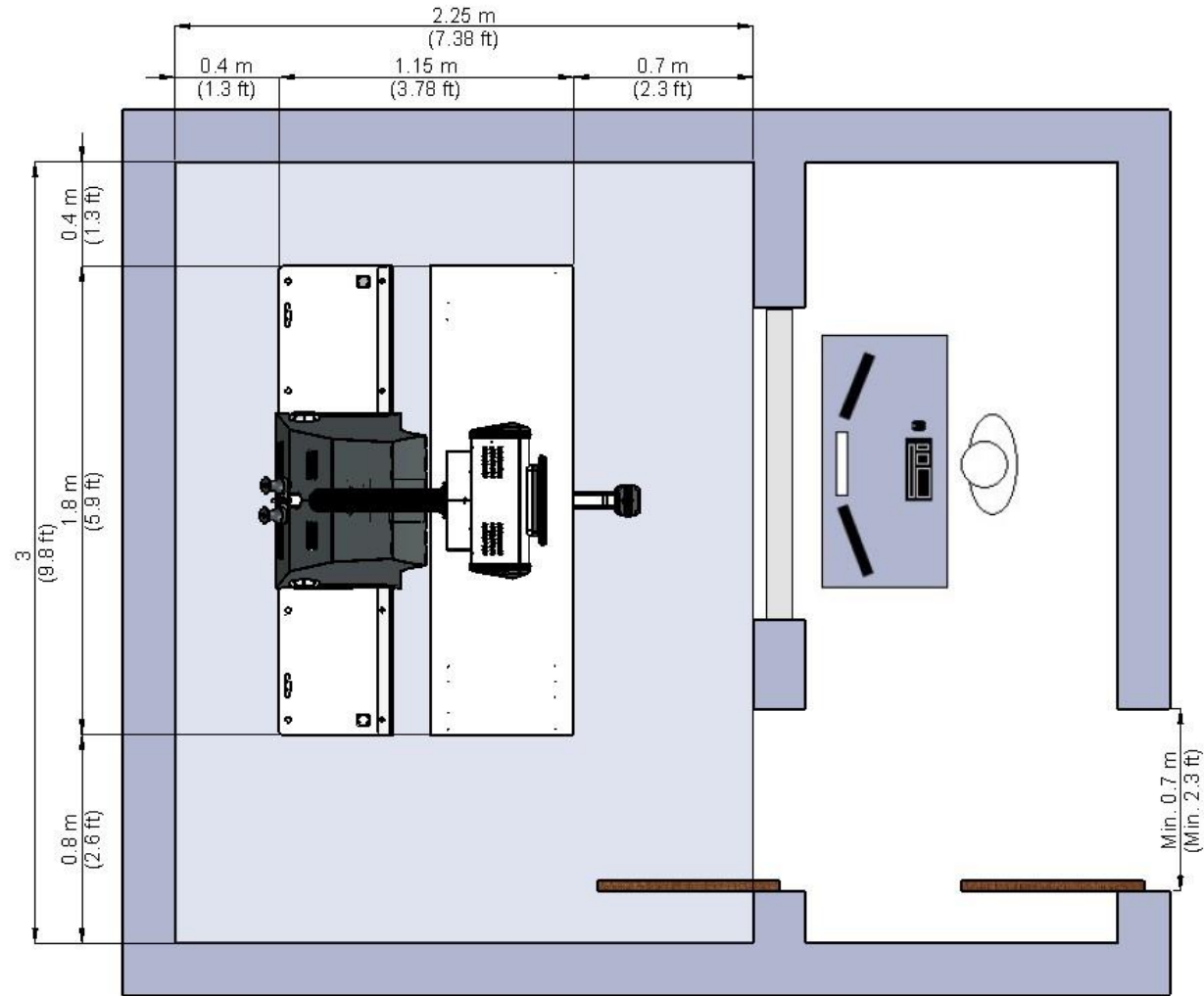
## Rad

- Powerful generator 32 kW
- 100 microns resolution flat panel

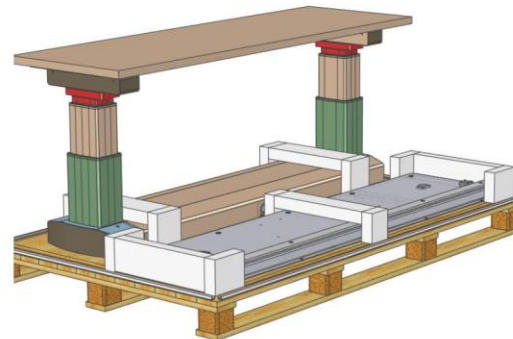
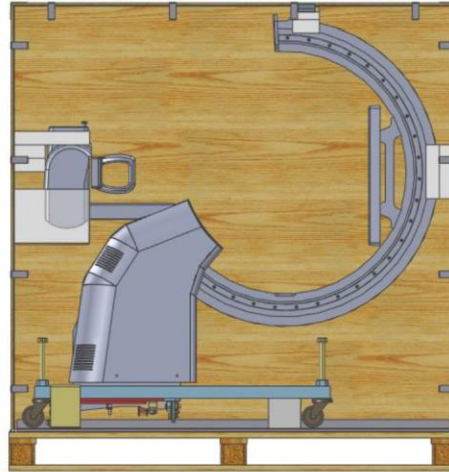
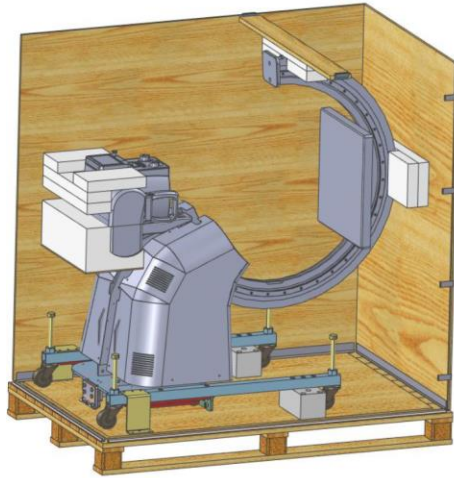
## CT

The biggest FOV of the market 32 cm by 110 cm

# Site requirements



# Shipment proposal



# MultiVET Workflow



# System Workflow

Parking



Lateral



# Patient Loading/Unloading Workflow

Stretcher above working height



Stretcher above working height

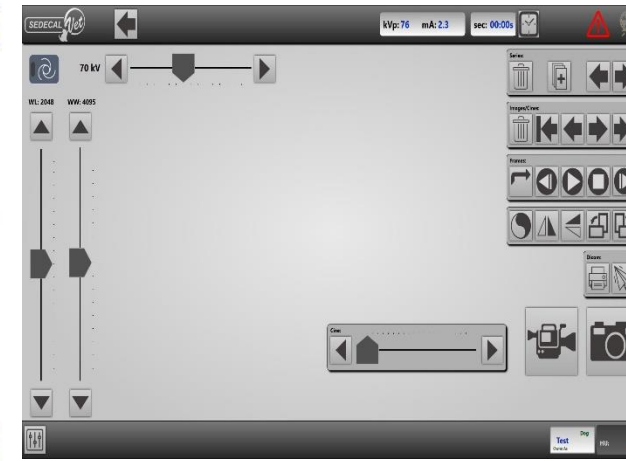
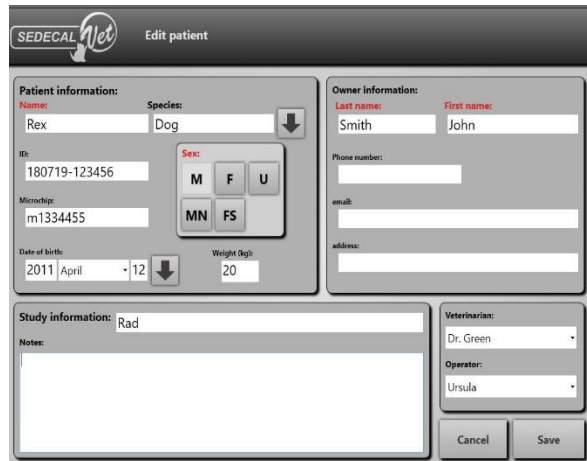
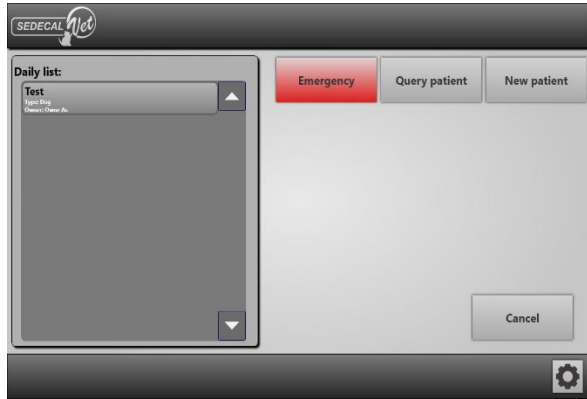




# Rad Workflow

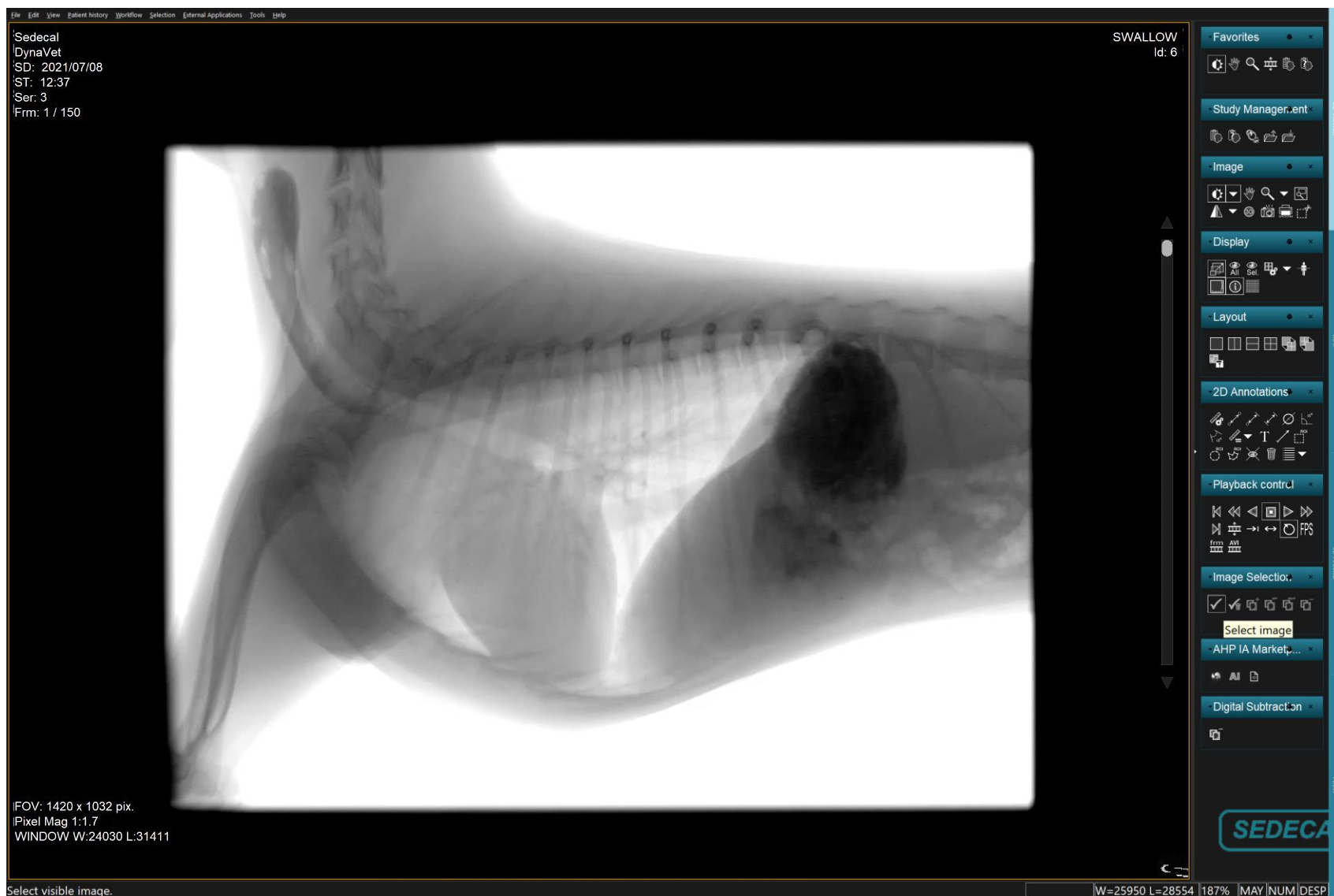


# DynamiXr Workflow

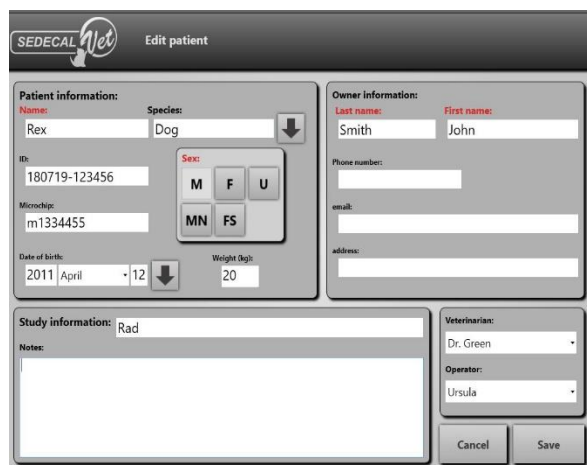
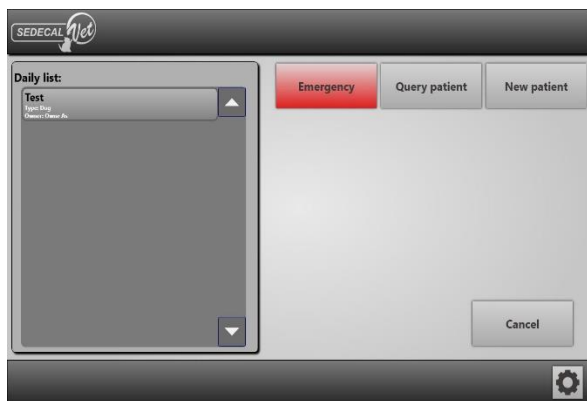




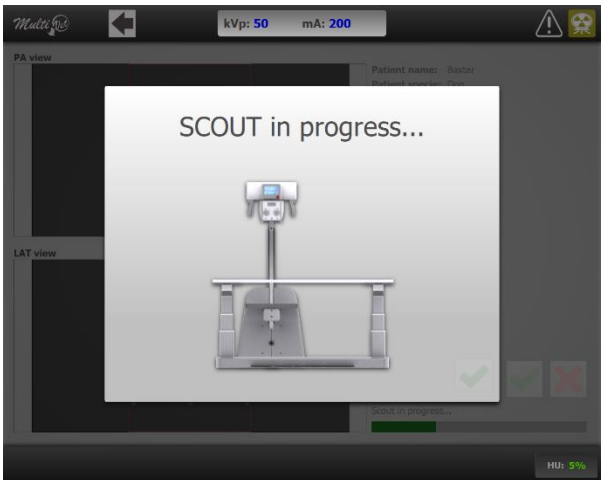
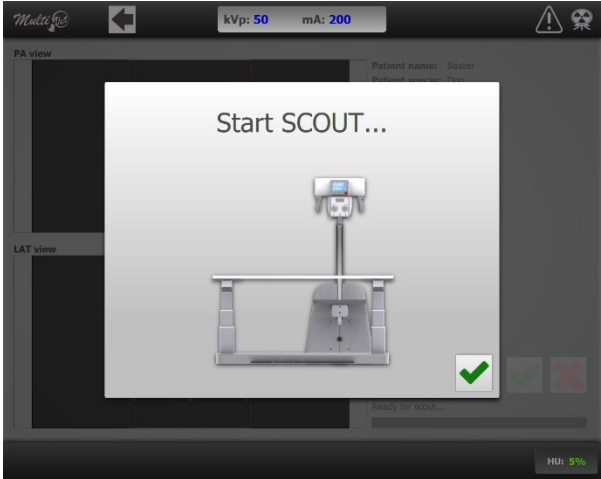
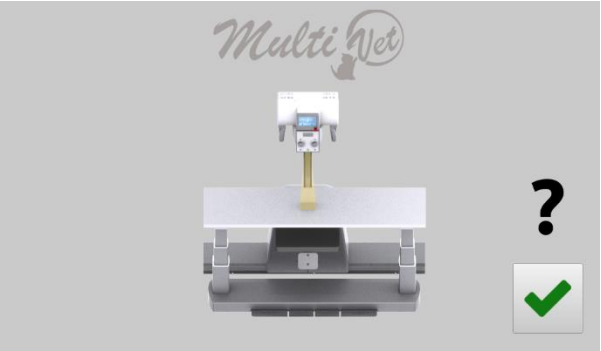
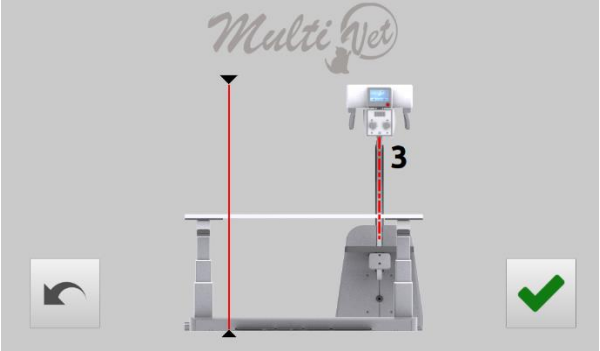
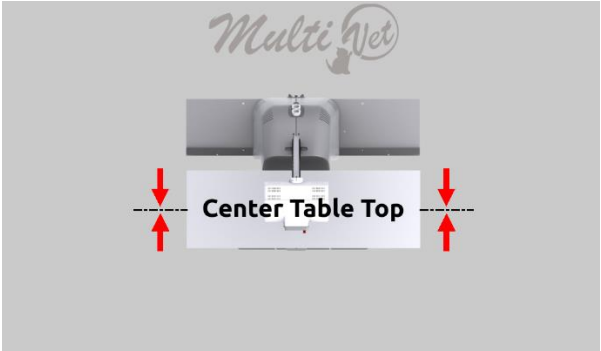
# DynamiXr Workflow



# CT Workflow



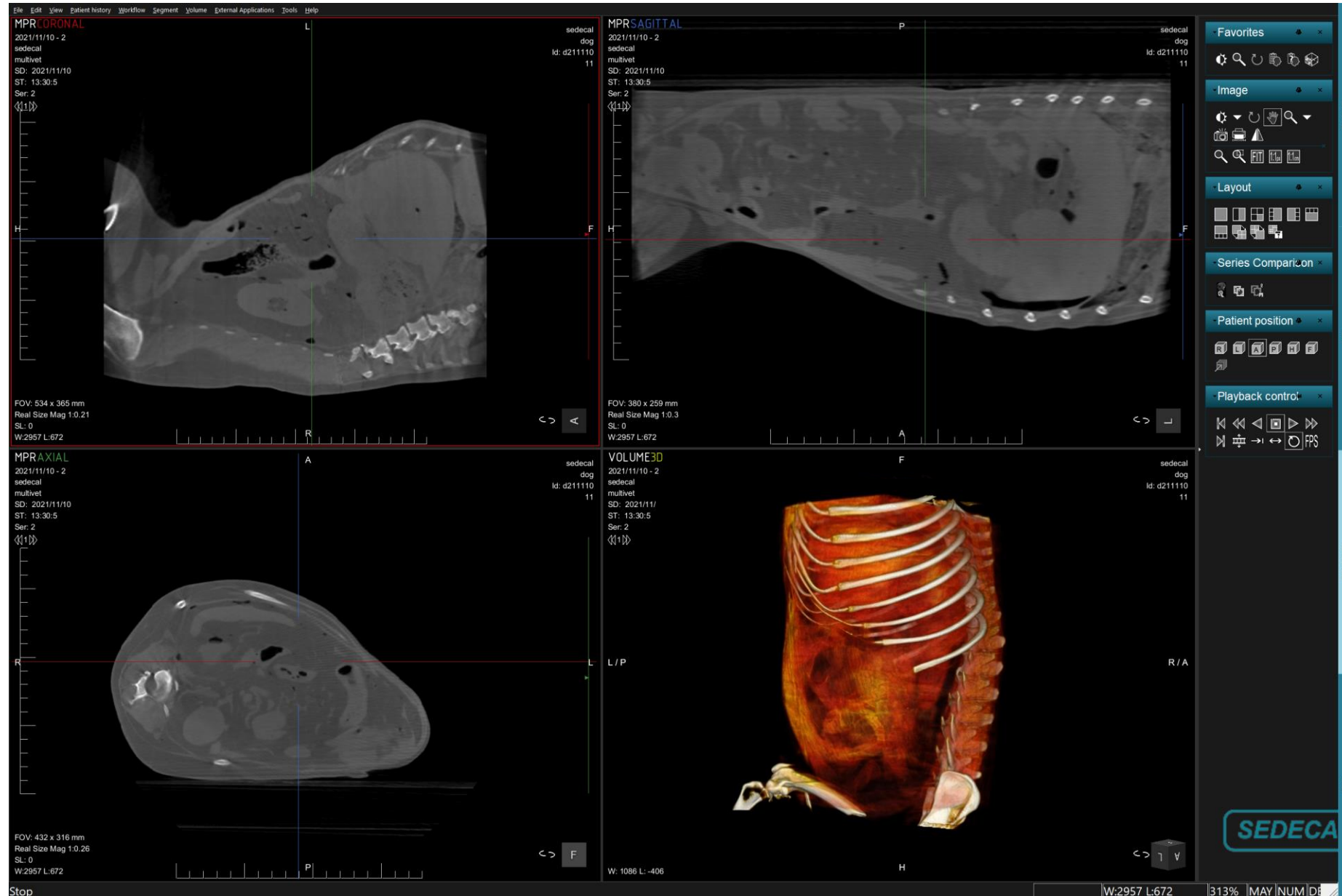
# CT Workflow



# CT Workflow

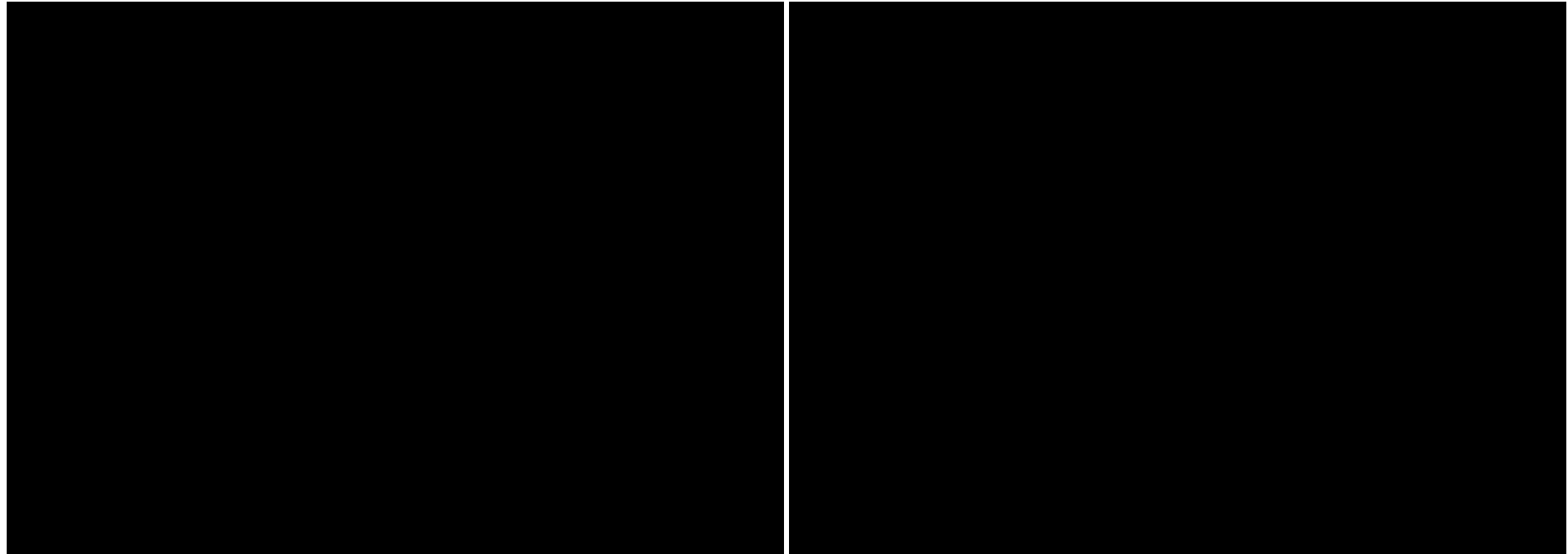


# CT Workflow



# MultiVET advantages.

It is really a multimodal system focus on the user requirements and way to work



Dynamic movement studies



# Video Workflow



<https://youtu.be/NvFoWg6oAbg>

# Multivet Evolutions



# MultiVet



# DynaVet

- Image Chain.
- Rad modality
- Fluoro modality
- System hardware

# DynaVet



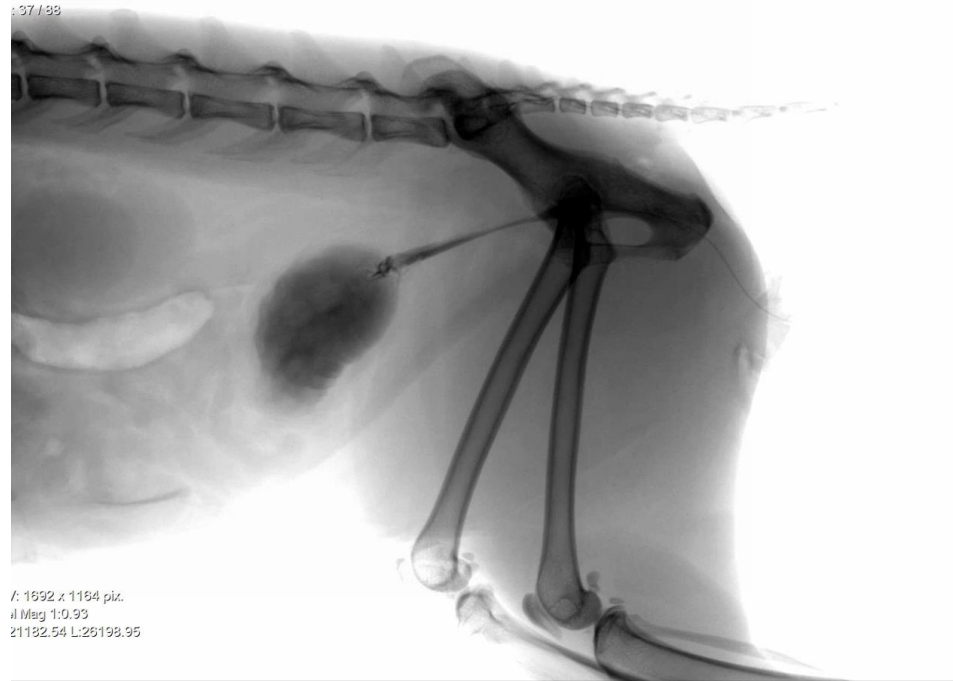
# NeoVet



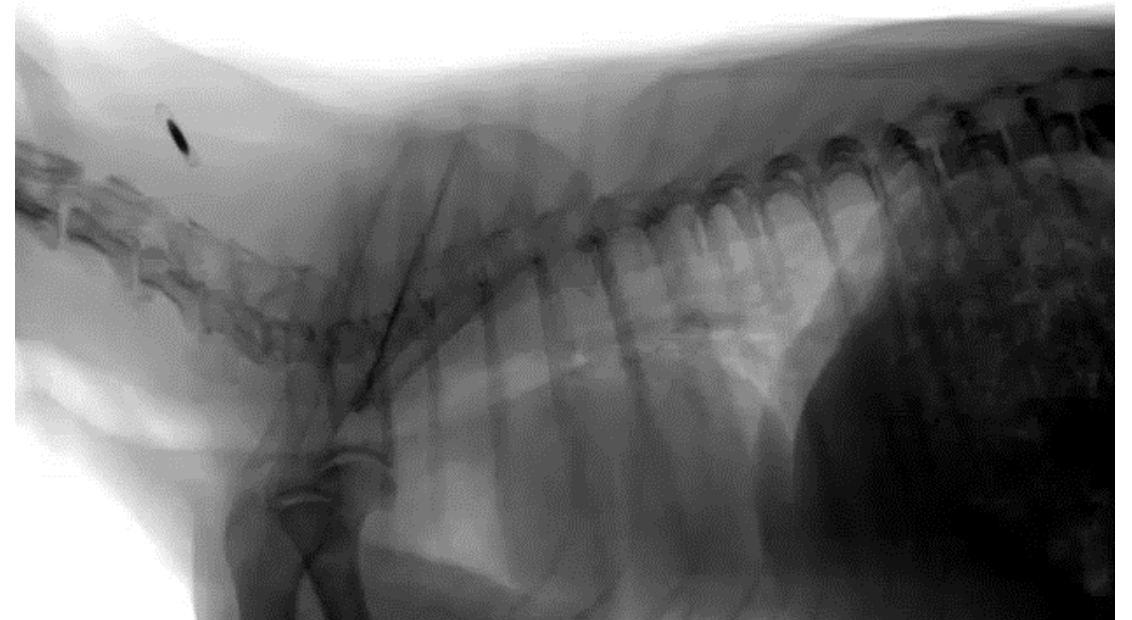
Both systems fully staged and tested at the factory

# DynaVet

local  
aVet  
2022/05/30  
12:31  
1  
37 / 38



F: 1592 x 1154 pix.  
M Mag 1:0.93  
21182.54 L:25198.95



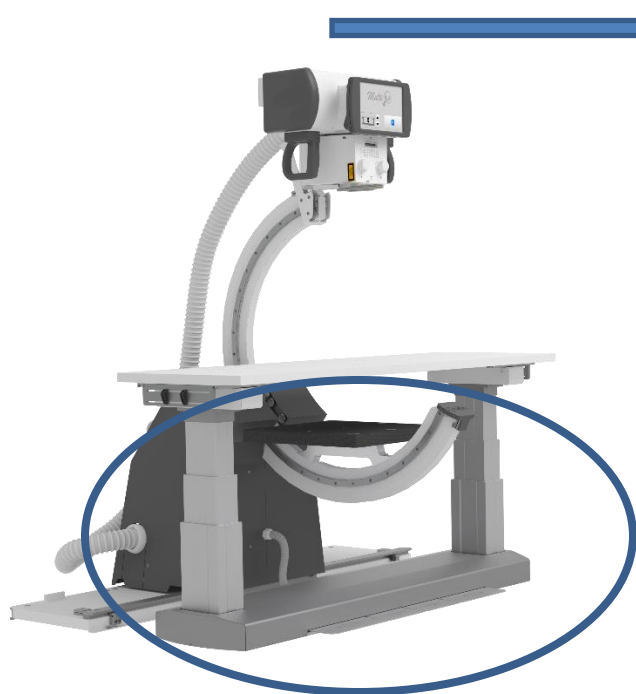
# MultiVet

# EleVet

# NeoVet

- Table base
- Table lifting mechanism.

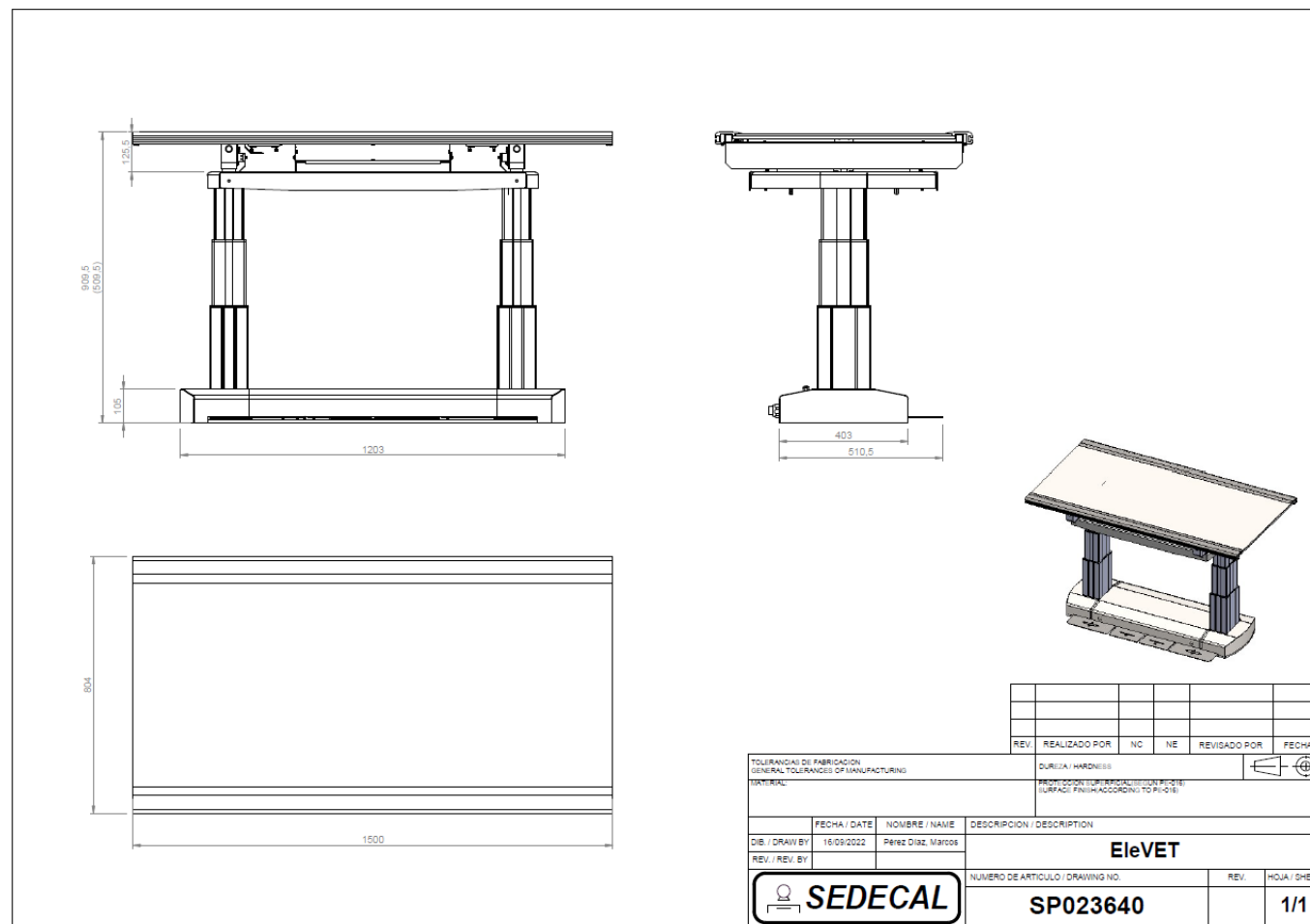
- Floating Tabletop assy



## EleVet

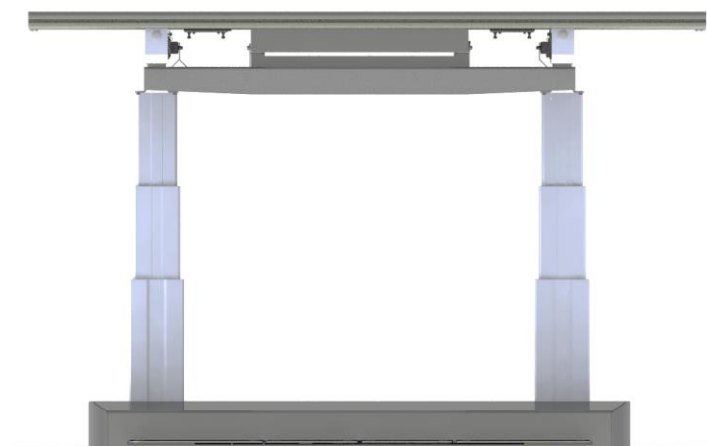


# EleVet



## Key project challenges

- Fast Project: To be shown Orlando congress, January 23
- Ready for comercialization Q3-2023
- Cost effective
- Vet market oriented: Price, size, easy to use



Thanks.....

**Any Question?**

